



Integrating Environmental Justice into Your Projects

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Overview

- What is Environmental Justice?
- Effective Communication
- Common Challenges
- Mapping Tools
- Behavior Change Programs
- Mature Tree Preservation
- Applying EJ to Your Program
- Looking at Success



What is Environmental Justice?





Definition

The EPA defines environmental justice as:

Environmental justice (EJ) is the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people regardless of race, color, national origin, or income with respect to the development, implementation and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations and policies.

Fair treatment means no group of people should bear a disproportionate share of the negative environmental consequences resulting from industrial, governmental and commercial operations or policies.

This means all people receive the same protection from environmental and health hazards



Definition

The EPA defines overburdened communities as:

Overburdened Communities are minority, low-income, tribal, or indigenous populations or geographic locations in the United States that potentially experience disproportionate environmental harms and risks.

This risk is amplified in communities with preexisting social and economic barriers and environmental risks

RACE IS THE #1 INDICATOR for the placement of toxic facilities in the U.S.

Environmental Justice is a State Priority

A coordinated state agency approach to EJ

- In 2021, Washington passed the Healthy Environment for All (HEAL) Act based on recommendations from the Environmental Justice Task Force
- This law requires seven state agencies to identify and address environmental health disparities in overburdened communities.

• These agencies must set a goal of 40% of spending to go toward impacted communities

• The HEAL Act established the Environmental Justice Council, 16 members appointed by the governor, to create a coordinated approach to EJ.

Chapter 70A.02 RCW ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE



Environmental Justice Principals

By the Environmental Justice Task Force

I. Achieve the highest attainable environmental quality and health outcomes for all people.

II. Adopt a racial justice lens.

- III. Engage community meaningfully.
- IV. Be transparent.
- V. Be accountable.

Environmental Justice Task Force

Recommendations for Prioritizing EJ in Washington State Government

Fall 2020



Effective Communication





Building a Connection

To help these communities, we need to connect with them

- Simply targeting environmental issues won't address the disproportionate hazards impacting overburdened communities
- We must interact with these communities if we want to help them
- An important factor of environmental justice is connecting with overburdened communities



Reducing Barriers

Meet people where they are

- Develop effective messaging
 - $\circ~$ Understand your audience so the pitches hit the mark
 - $\circ~$ Get culturally relevant information
- Minimize travel requirements when asking for public comment
- Reduce paperwork
- Provide compensation





Effective Messaging Example

The Clean Rivers Coalition's Hispanic/Latinx Community Research Report

- 2021 research project on engaging Latinx families in Oregon and SW Washington.
 - \circ surveys

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- community listening session (35 people)
- o focus group (9 people)

	The	Latino/a/x community is		
2	01	Unaware of the local watershed and conservation resources.	03 Likes events with hands-on experience activities	
	02	Likes to participate in events	04 Wanting inclusive and culturally responsive invitation	IS
le			2021 Stormwater Partners Symposium 2021 Stormwater Partners Symposium - November 16 - YouTu	ıbe



Rebuild Lost Trust

We've historically failed these communities, so why should they work with us now?

- Many overburdened communities have lost trust in the government
- Be prepared for limited response to your outreach efforts
- We are working to build a relationship with these overburdened communities, plan for change to take a long time
- Avoid tokenization

"Change happens at the speed of trust."



Provide Compensation

Compensation is challenging, however, pathways will likely develop in future policies

- Currently difficult to gain approval for compensation
- Other cities compensate through grants with a line item for compensation, then use consultants to distribute funds

Bill 5793 - Effective 6/9/2022

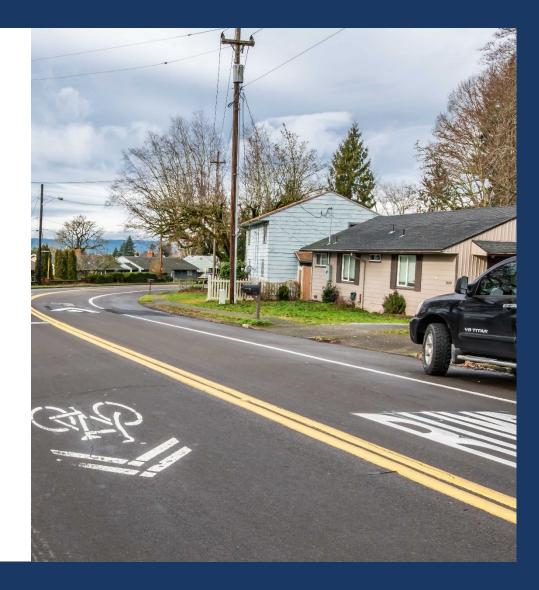
Concerning stipends for low-income or underrepresented community members of state boards, commissions, councils, committees, and other similar groups. <u>Revised for 2nd Substitute</u>: Allowing compensation for lived experience on boards, commissions, councils, committees, and other similar groups.

-Washington State Legislature



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Common Challenges





Public Outreach

Connecting can be time-consuming and difficult

- Messages aren't reaching overburdened communities
 - $\circ~$ Connecting with these often "invisible" communities is challenging
 - $\circ~$ There's no "right way" as each community is different
- Department support for doing what we've always done
 - $\circ~$ This results in no change
- EJ work rarely produces quantitative results



Gentrification

City projects can displace residents

- A progressive project, such as planting trees and adding bike lanes can create rampant gentrification
- City projects can drive up property values and displace low-income residents

 Communities exposed to health hazards may not benefit from a project
- City projects have resulted in disrupted social networks and stress.

Take time to identify who will benefit from changes made to the City early in project/program development.



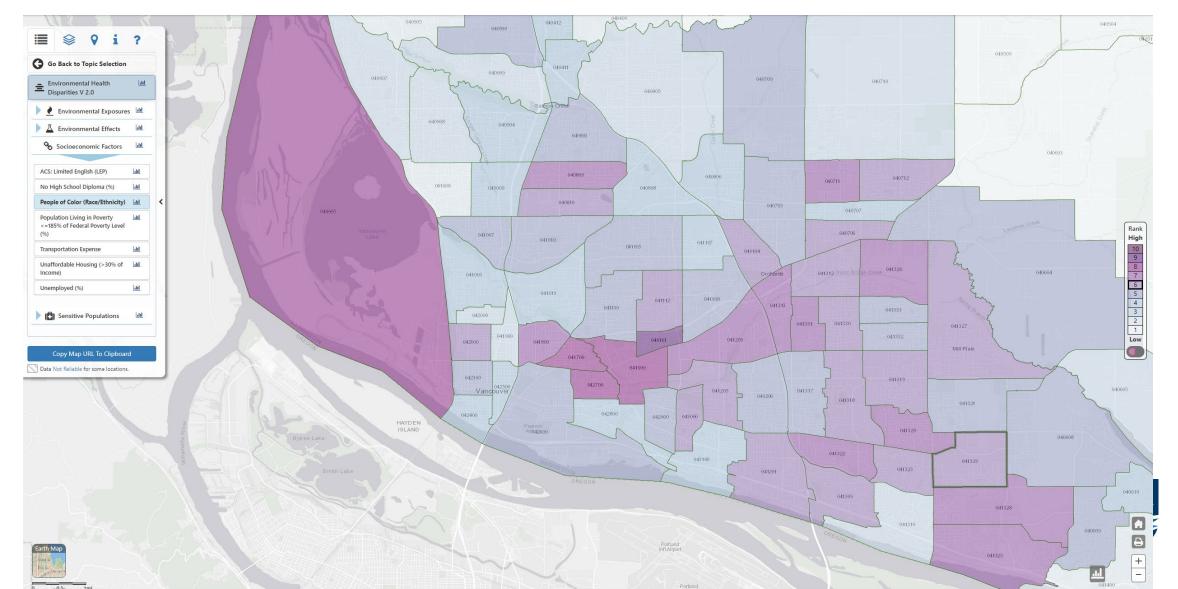




Washington Environmental Health Disparities Map

By the Washington State Department of Health

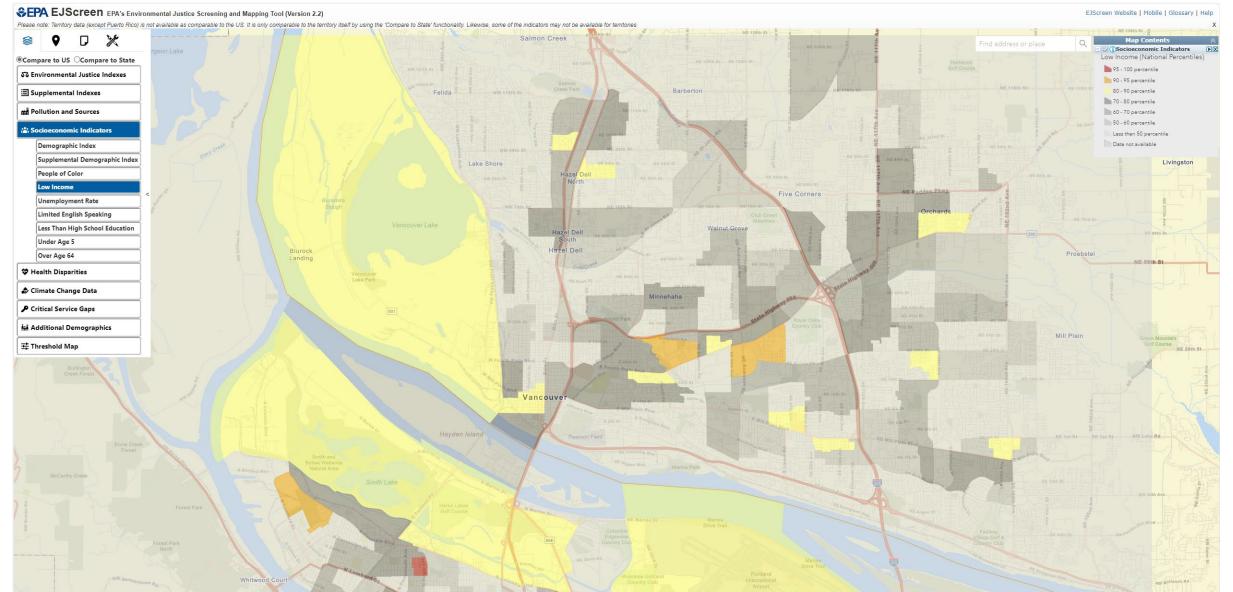
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EJScreen: Environmental Justice Screening and Mapping Tool

By the Environmental Protection Agency

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<u>Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool</u></u>

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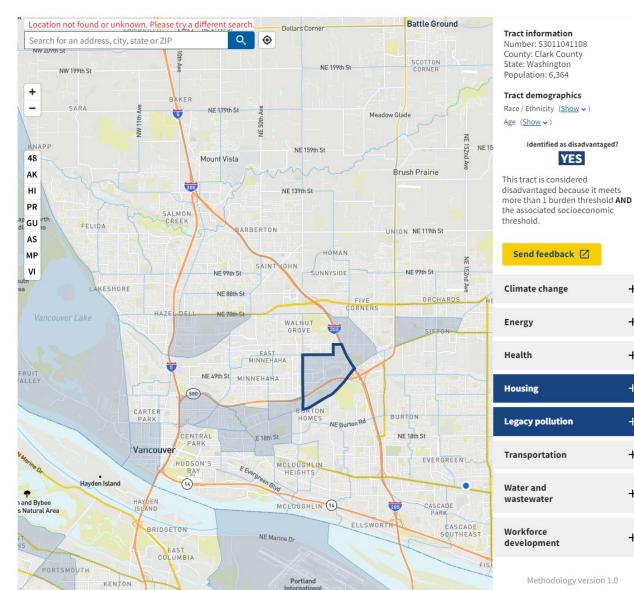
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By the Council on Environmental Quality

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Housing	—	Legacy pollution	
Housing cost Share of households making less than 80% of the area median family income and spending more than 30% of income on bouries	92nd above 90th percentile	Abandoned mine land Presence of one or more abandoned mine land within the tract	Ν
housing Lack of green space Amount of land, not including crop land, that is covered with artificial materials like	87th not above 90th percentile	Formerly Used Defense Sites Presence of one or more Formerly Used Defense Site within the tract Proximity to hazardous waste	missing d 76 not above 9
concrete or pavement Lack of indoor plumbing Share of homes without indoor kitchens or plumbing	99th above 90th percentile	facilities Count of hazardous waste facilities within 5 kilometers Proximity to Risk Management Plan	percen 64 not above !
Lead paint Share of homes that are likely to have lead paint	13th not above 90th percentile	facilities Count of Risk Management Plan (RMP) facilities within 5 kilometers	percen
AND Low income People in households where income is less than or equal to twice the federal poverty level, not including students enrolled in	above 65th percentile	Proximity to Superfund sites Count of proposed or listed Superfund (or National Priorities List (NPL)) sites within 5 kilometers AND	91 above 1 percer
higher ed		Low income People in households where income is less than or equal to twice the federal poverty level, not including	above (percen

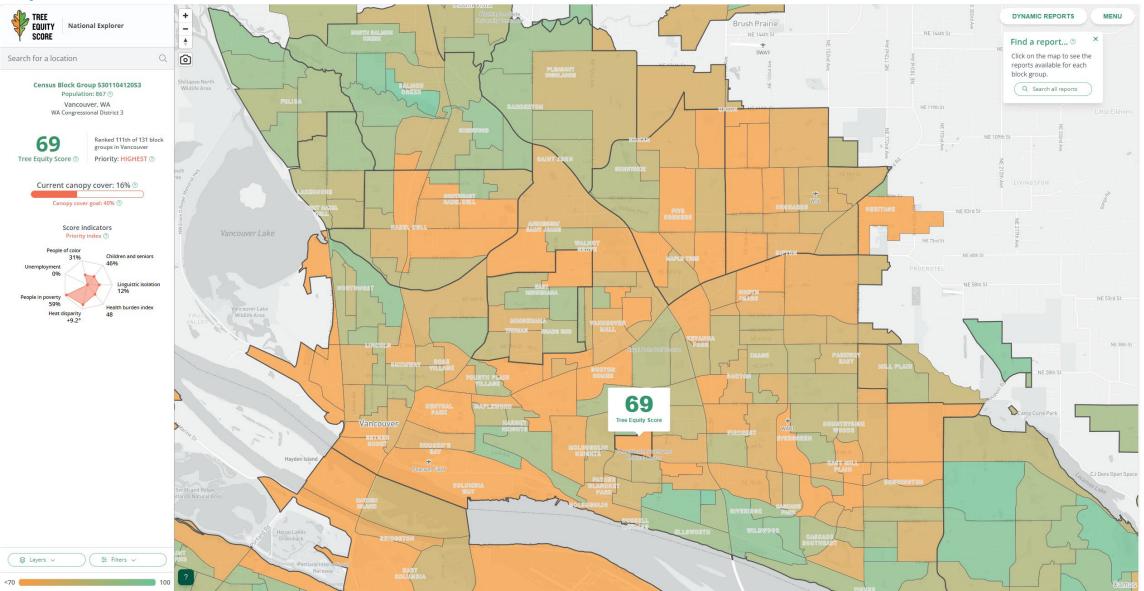
students enrolled in

higher ed

Tree Equity Score

By American Forests

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Advantages and Limitations

What to consider when using mapping tools

Advantages

- Helps us assist the community and make informed decisions
- Gives us a tool to evaluate programs geographically
- Will help us track changes in disparities over time
- Helps to support grant writing

Limitations

- Screening tools do not, by themselves, determine the existence of EJ issues
- Map does not reflect community experiences and should not be used to replace engagement



Using Mapping Tools Correctly

Use maps to support your project's positive impact

- Identify which issues drive the scores. Issues should be related to your project.
- You should be able to make a case for how your project helps the identified overburdened community.



Behavior Change Programs





Behavior Change Programs

Consider barriers when implementing a behavior change program

Common Barriers

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- Upfront costs
- Knowledge barriers
- Homeowner barriers
- Paperwork

Incentives are often targeted to those with existing interests and fail to excite a new audience.



Behavior Change Example

Challenges during Don't Drip & Drive

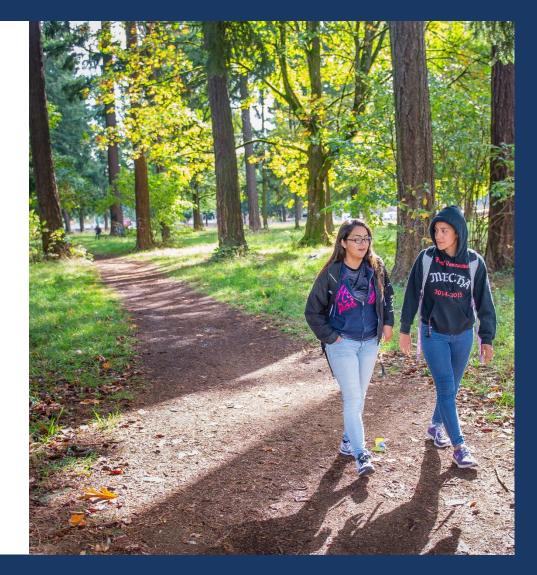
- The Don't Drip & Drive campaign provided free leak inspections
- Offered coupon for \$50 off repair at participating mechanics
- An organizer shared that communities of color were afraid to provide their information.



Don't Drip and Drive - Puget Soundkeeper Alliance



Mature Tree Preservation





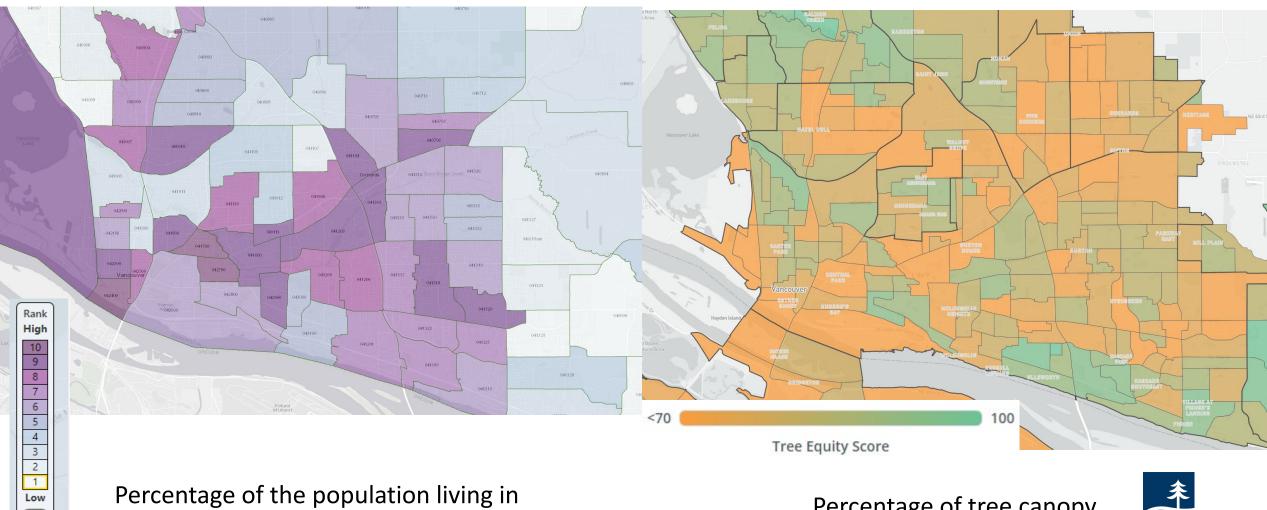
Mature Tree Preservation

Mature trees have a major role in combating health disparities identified in EJ definition

- Tree canopy improves population health, well-being, and health equity in urban settings
- Trees enhance air quality, mitigate the urban heat island, aid water management
- Research has linked exposure to green spaces and trees with improved mental health, reduced stress, reduced loneliness, lower all-cause mortality, and lower rates of obesity and chronic diseases.



Tree Canopy and Income: Vancouver



poverty

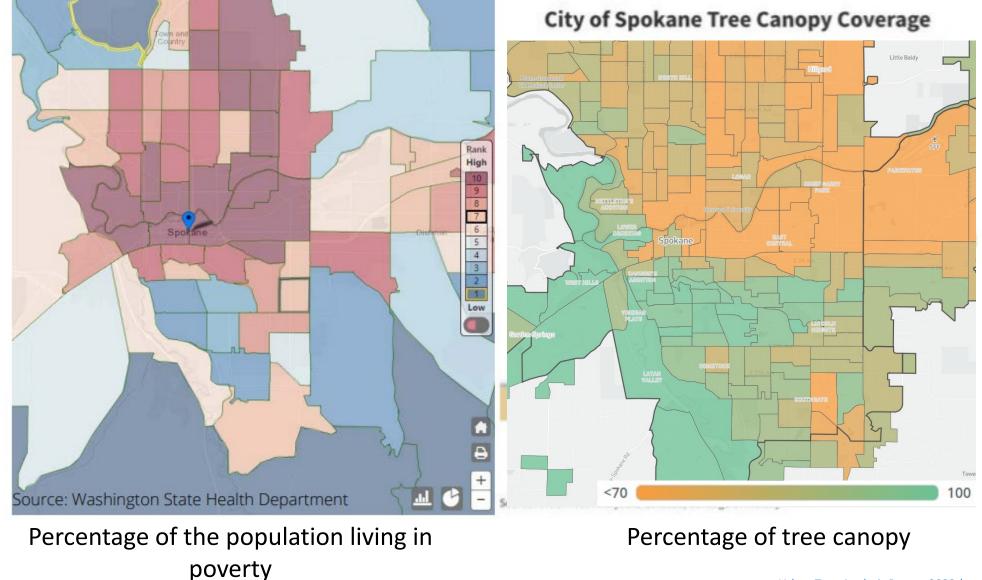
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Percentage of tree canopy



Tree Canopy and Income: Spokane

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Mature Tree Preservation

Tree inequity create a health inequity for overburdened communities

- Low-income neighborhoods have less tree cover and hotter temperatures
- The Nature Conservancy found that 92 percent of low-income blocks in the US have less tree cover than high-income blocks.
- The Tree Equity Score map shows neighborhoods with a majority of people of color have 33% less tree canopy than majority white communities.

For projects in low-income neighborhoods or areas with a majority of people of color, preserve the trees, especially trees over 12 inches in diameter.



Applying EJ to Your program





There's No One Right Way

If you're trying to reach these communities, you're making progress!

For every new project and program:

- Identify applicable overburdened communities
- Meet these communities where they are
- Involve these communities in a way that's meaningful for them
- Involve communities early when feedback can still shape you project/program

Don't forget to reflect

- Take time to reflect on what communication types were well received by these communities.
- Share these successes with your coworkers



Listen and Learn

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Value the input and conversations from overburdened residents

- Start having conversations whenever the opportunity arises.
- If someone reaches out to you, value their time and their lived experiences.
- Practice meaningful engagement.



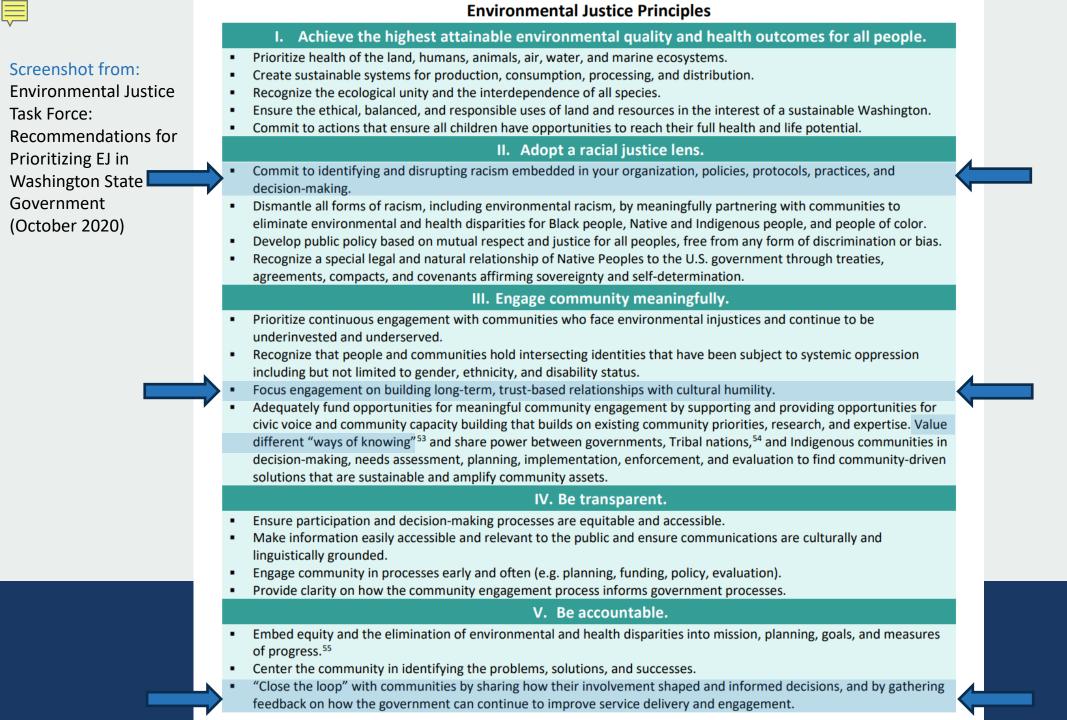


Strive to Achieve the 5 EJ Principals

The Environmental Justice Task Force developed these principles for Washington State

- 1. Achieve the highest attainable environmental quality and health outcomes for all people
- 2. Adopt a racial justice lens
- 3. Engage community meaningfully
- 4. Be transparent
- 5. Be accountable









Applying EJ to Your Program

Your projects can make a difference







It's about people A component to every project's success is how people feel Reaching someone new is always a win Don't get caught up in quantitative results

Set a goal for a percentage of project spending to go toward overburdened communities Choose an attainable goal (30%-50% of project spending) Reflect on your spending goal annually



We're going to get better!

The EJ world is gaining traction, more guidance is incoming

- HEAL Act aims to develop strategies and community engagement plans
- Channels for providing a voice for disproportionately affected communities are developing
- We have agency support and state support
- We are striving for a healthier environment!



Celebrate Your Wins!

This work is hard!



Thank You!



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