

Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington













Publication Number 12-10-030 (Replaces Publications 05-10-029 through 05-10-033)



Low Impact Development Process (MR #5)

Douglas C. Howie, P.E. Department of Ecology





Background on LID in Western WA

- PCHB Requirements from 2007 Permits
- Two LID Advisory Committees
- Expanded MR #5
 - LID Performance Standard
 - List Option
- More than just on-Site BMPs

Issuance Date: August 1, 2012 Effective Date: August 1, 2013 Expiration Date: July 31, 2018

Phase I Municipal Stormwater Permit

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System and State Waste Discharge General Permit for discharges from Large and Medium Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems

> State of Washington Department of Ecology Olympia, Washington 98504-7600

In compliance with the provisions of The State of Washington Water Pollution Control Law Chapter 90.48 Revised Code of Washington and The Federal Water Pollution Control Act (The Clean Water Act) Title 33 United States Code, Section 1251 et seq.

Until this permit expires, is modified, or revoked, Permittees that have properly obtained coverage under this permit are authorized to discharge to waters of the state in accordance with the special and general conditions which follow.

Kelly Susewind, P.E., P.G. Water Quality Program Manager Department of Ecology



Evaluate Site Conditions (Vol. I, 3.1.1)

- Survey
- Site Layout
- Soils Report
 - Infiltration Rate(s)
 - Soil Suitability Criteria
- Distance to Ground Water





Recommended Infiltration Testing



- Small PIT Test
- Large PIT Test
- Grain Size
 - D₁₀, D₆₀, D₉₀
- Local jurisdictions can accept other



Permanent Stormwater Control Plan (Vol. I, 3.1.5)



- Level of detail depends on MRs
- Specific Discussion on items to include in submittals for review
 - LID
 - Water Quality
 - Flow Control



http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wq/stormwater/municipal/workshopPPTs/LIDFlowChart.pdf⁶



Paths to Requirements

- Flow Control Exempt Basins
- Small Projects MR #1 #5 only
- Large Projects MR #1 #9
 - Inside UGA
 - Outside UGA
 - < 5 acres</p>
 - => 5 acres

Flow Chart for Determining LID MR #5 Requirements

the other BMPs in List #1 or List #2.

Flow Control Exempt Waters

Does the project discharge to Flow Control Exempt Waters (per Minimum Requirement (MR) #7)?





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Flow Chart for Determining LID MR #5 Requirements

Projects subject only to MR #1 - #5

Yes

Does the project trigger only MRs #1 - #5? (Per Figure 3.2 or Figure 3.3 in Appendix 1 of the 2013-2018 WWA Phase II Permit & Phase I Permit.)

Yes

Did the project developer choose to meet the LID Performance Standard?

No, project developer chose List #1.

<u>REQUIRED:</u> For each surface, consider the BMPs in the order listed in **List #1** for that type of surface. Use the first BMP that is considered feasible.

<u>NOT REQUIRED</u>: Achievement of the LID Performance Standard.

<u>REQUIRED:</u> Meet the LID Performance Standard through the use of <u>any</u> BMP(s) in the 2012 SWMMWW or the LID Technical Guidance Manual for Puget Sound except for Rain Gardens (the use of Bioretention is acceptable).

<u>REQUIRED for Projects Triggering MR #1-9*:</u> Apply BMP T5.13 Post-Construction Soil Quality and Depth.

<u>NOT REQUIRED</u>: Applying the BMPs in List #1 or List #2.



Lawn and landscaped areas:

Soil Quality and Depth



Glacial till: high in runoff and poor turf quality

Photos: UW Test Plots



Same soil with 30% compost added. Up to 50% less runoff. Turf still healthy 4 years later



A Brief Interlude on Infeasibility Criteria

- BMP Specific
- Listed with BMP Design Criteria
- Applicable to List Options Only



Roofs: Consider in order listed; use first feasible



- Full Dispersion or Downspout Full Infiltration
- Rain Gardens or Bioretention
 - **<u>></u>** 5% of drainage area
- Downspout Dispersion Systems
- Perforated Stub-out Connections



Other Hard Surfaces (driveways, roads, patios, walks, parking lot) consider in order listed; use first feasible

- Full Dispersion
- Permeable pavement, or Rain Gardens, or Bioretention
 - <u>></u> 5% of drainage area
- Sheet Flow Dispersion, or Concentrated Flow Dispersion



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If the project can't meet the LID Performance Standard, it must be redesigned to meet the LID performance standard or an exception / variance must be approved.

<u>REQUIRED:</u> Apply BMP T5.13 Post-Construction Soil Quality and Depth.

NOT REQUIRED: Applying the BMPs in List #1 or List #2.



Projects Triggering MR #1 - #9

Project Type & Location	Requirement
Development (new or redevelopment) on any parcel inside the UGA, or development outside the UGA on a parcel less than 5 acres	LID Performance Standard and BMP T5.13 OR List #2 (applicant option)
Development (new or redevelopment) outside the UGA on a parcel of 5 acres or larger	LID Performance Standard and BMP T5.13



LID Performance Standard vs Flow Control Standard

LID Performance Standard addresses the lower, more frequent stormwater flows (8% of 2-year through 50% of the 2-year)

Flow Control Standard addresses the higher, less frequent stormwater flows (50% of the 2-year through the full 50-year)

C:\Program Files\WWHM\projects\king co1.wdm

File Graph



Title





Don't forget Minimum Requirements #6 (Water Quality Treatment) and #7 (Flow Control) during the review



Additional Jurisdictional Requirements

- Inspections and Maintenance
- Covenants for On-site BMPs
- Right-of-entry for O&M
- Tracking of new BMPs





Training on Manual by Ecology is Coming

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